

NEWS OF THE DAY.

"To show the very age and body of the Times."

In the Louisiana Legislature, yesterday, the Senate adopted a report, in accordance with Gen. Grant's suggestion, dispensing with the test oath, and requiring that members shall only take the oath prescribed by the State Constitution. The Democratic members were then sworn in. In the lower House, similar proceedings were had, and the Howard amendment was ratified. At the solicitation of several Democratic members a strong force of troops were stationed outside the building in which the Legislature holds its sessions.

Rev. Barnes Sears, Agent of the Peabody Educational Fund, in an address in Boston on Monday evening, gave the result of his observations in the South. He thought that both sections of the country misunderstood and misinterpreted each other, that the work of politicians, both in the North and the South, is pernicious, and that what the Southern States really need is the hearty co-operation of the business men of the North to afford them capital to vitalize their energies.

Archbishop Spalding, of Baltimore, and the other Catholic Archbishops of the U. S., have defined their position in reference to the raising of troops in the United States for the Pope. While declaring that the men who have foisted themselves forward as the promoters of the scheme are not worthy of the confidence of Catholics, they contend that its success would, instead of benefiting the Pope, only increase the difficulties by which he is at present surrounded.

Lieut. Col. J. P. Martin, U. S. army, lost a considerable amount recently at Savannah at faro. He had the gambler arrested by the military, and confined in the barracks. The prisoner's counsel was denied admittance. The counsel then took out a warrant to arrest the Colonel, on the charge of playing and betting at faro. The military refused the right of the civil authority to arrest. The prisoner was afterward, under guard, permitted to consult his counsel.

Gen. Howard defended the Freedmen's Bureau against charges which have been brought against it, in an address in Detroit on Sunday morning last. He said that it had accomplished good, and that the expenses of carrying it on had been but \$2,000,000, instead of \$20,000,000, as has been frequently said. Much money had been given by the benevolent associations of the North.

Rufus Ludwig, who killed his wife, being married to her only eleven days, was hanged in Salisbury, North Carolina, on the 26th of June. He went to the scaffold smoking a cigar, but when the officers offered to put the noose around his neck he resisted violently and a desperate struggle ensued. He was swung off with a muttered curse for his parting word.

The Texas delegates to the Democratic National Convention have asked the removal of Gen. Reynolds, commanding in that State, and it is said that the President has promised to place Colonel Graham in command. Colonel Graham was previously recommended by Gen. Hancock.

Senator Fessenden has written a letter to certain prominent gentlemen in Boston who recently proffered him a public dinner, declining to be present on account of his duties in Congress, and setting forth his views on the late impeachment.

It is proposed to build a railroad from Emmitsburg to the Western Maryland Railroad, immediately west of Monocacy river. The length of the road will be about seven miles, passing through a fine section of the country.

Charles Y. Robinson, formerly an engineer on the Dayton and Michigan Railroad, has obtained a verdict of four thousand dollars against that Company, for injuries received while in their service.

Senator Hendricks, of Indiana, has written a letter to the delegation from that State to the New York Convention, absolutely declining to be a candidate for the Presidential nomination before the Convention.

In Wilcox county, Georgia, recently, two white men were murdered by a negro, who was captured, after being shot, and brought to Savannah by fourteen of his own color.

The Tax bill will be reported to the Senate to-day. The Finance Committee have agreed to offer an amendment striking out the sections relating to the tax on banks.

The Reconstruction Committee have authorized Mr. Stevens to introduce in the House of Representatives a bill for the division of Texas into three States.

The Treasury of the U. S. is now paying the matured bonds of the loan of 1847 and 1848.

The Florida Legislature assembled on the 7th instant. Governor Reed yesterday entered upon his duties.

Quite a number of the President's nominations were yesterday confirmed by the Senate.

Foreign News.

The North German Lloyd Steamship Company are about to build two additional steamers for the Bremen and Baltimore line, with the intention of making trips between those ports fortnightly.

The case of the United States vs. the Armaments, builders of Confederate iron-clads, was before the French Court in Paris, yesterday. M. Berryer, as counsel for the U. S., opened the case. He charged the Armaments with having violated their own pledges, and with acting in bad faith towards all parties. By their conduct they had exposed France at a critical moment, to the chances of war with the U. S. He demanded that all the contractors, builders, and others concerned in this business, be compelled to refund the money taken from private pockets. The Advocate General will reply on the 8th instant.

A grand banquet was given in London yesterday to Cyrus W. Field, as an acknowledgment of the service he has rendered to the New York Atlantic telegraph. The Duke of Argyll was chairman, and three hundred gentlemen were present, among them Earl Russell, Sir John Packington, Sir Stafford Northcote, and many distinguished guests.

Major Gen. Sir Robert Napier, the hero of the Abyssinian war, arrived in Paris yesterday, and is a guest of Lord Lyons, the British Minister. He is received everywhere with the greatest enthusiasm. He will be created a peer on his return to England.

In the French Corps Legislatif yesterday the debate on the budget continued. M. Thiers deplored the military preparations which were still going on, and feared an outbreak, war, and consequent national bankruptcy.

Some Americans in Wurttemberg, Bavaria, have protested against the fourth article of the naturalization treaty with the U. S., just ratified by Bavaria. They say the construction given to the article by Bancroft is not sustained by text.

Forty-seven out of sixty-one counties, in Mississippi, return a majority against the constitution of 1856. Four of the remaining counties will return majorities for the constitution.

Railroad Matters.

It is satisfactory to know that the Common Council has appointed a Committee to inquire whether the Washington, Alexandria and Georgetown Railroad Co., has conformed to the conditions of the act of the Corporation which grants them the use of St. Asaph street.

It is believed, that the Committee will find that this company has paid very little regard to the conditions of that act.

The condition of the rails on the unpaved portion of St. Asaph street, is a serious nuisance to carts and other vehicles which have to pass over them, and the Superintendent of Police has called the attention of the officers of the Company divers times without effect.

When the Committee takes up this subject, it is to be hoped, they will make thorough work of it, and look at every branch of the business.

The Railroad occupies something like a mile of St. Asaph, and more of Henry street, graded to their use, without its costing them a dollar for gradation, and without paying to this community one cent for the privilege of using it.

The report of the Receiver, appointed by the Court in Washington in the suit of Davidson vs. the Lessees, shows, I am autistically advised, that the receipt amounted in one quarter (3 months) to \$18,750 for that half which came into his hands, that is \$37,500 for the whole or at the rate of \$150,000 per annum. It is well known the charges for through passengers and freight to the Orange Railroad are exorbitant, and they take advantage of being the connecting link of about six miles, to charge probably four times what the Orange road would, if this serap of road were its own.

For instance, this Company carry a "local" passenger to Washington for 15 cents, two tickets to go and return cost only 25 cents, while every through passenger, the Orange road has to pay 50 cents, and it is fair to presume the charges on through freight are equally exorbitant, and have to be submitted to, because this is the connecting link between the North and South and only mode of conveyance by rail.

The writer has no connection with the Orange road and cannot say what is annually paid, but it must amount to a pretty large sum.

The Corporation of Alexandria is a large stockholder in the Orange road, has recently transferred its stock in the Manassas road gratis, and our citizens generally have an interest in the Orange road, either as stockholders or bondholders. Individuals and the Corporation have invested in these two roads at least half a million of dollars, and any extortion practiced on our road, is practiced upon us.

It therefore becomes the duty of the City Council to look into this matter and protect the people from extortion, and the Committee by applying at the office of the Orange road can readily learn the amount paid by our railroad, to this foreign Corporation, and the extent of its extortion.

It was a strange oversight in the City Council, when this valuable privilege of using two well graded streets was granted to strangers, who bore none of our burthens, that no consideration was required of them for the use of these streets.

Had that Council demanded the payment of only one cent per head for each passenger, and but two cents per ton on freight, it would have been submitted to by the Company without hesitation.

What sum this would have produced, none but the managers of the road can tell. Suppose it would reach \$5,000 per annum; this would be equivalent to an addition of half a million to our annual assessment!!!

To a community that is ground to the dust, by payment of taxes, to the United States, the Commonwealth of Virginia, and for city taxes, this, even the half it, would be a most welcome relief, and the Committee would do well to look into this matter closely and see if this one sided bargain cannot be cancelled and some compensation required of this Railroad Company for such, to them, important privileges.

Small economies often lead to large losses, and a liberal fee to able counsel for a legal opinion and advice might be money well laid out.

The people are gratified by the appointment of a Committee to investigate this subject, and hope it will act promptly, energetically and sagaciously in the matter under its charge, and not as has been too often the case, let it sleep. Such at least are the sentiments of an Old Citizen and a large Tax payer.

Letter from a Union Soldier.

JEFFERSON, GREEN CO., PA., June 27th, 1863.

MR. EDITOR: Having been a Union soldier, and spent near four years in Eastern Virginia, during the late war, and a great portion of the time in Fairfax, Loudoun and Hampshire counties, and having become personally acquainted with many of the citizens, I enclose you —, the supposed subscription price of your paper, with the hope of hearing occasion ally from some of them through your local columns. I have visited many of them, shared their hospitality, and been the recipient of many acts of kindness, and now that the fortunes of war decided the issue in our favor, I feel kindly towards all, and much regret the unnecessary ordeal through which Virginia is passing. Every good and well disposed citizen here is anxious to see all the States back in the Union, and your people happy and prosperous. I often think I would write to some one of the many citizens with whom I am acquainted along the O. & A. R. R. in and around Fairfax C. H., and Alexandria, and make inquiry of how they are getting along, but as we are all now actively engaged in business, I thought I would rather take your paper for general information in regard to the actual condition of things, and the feelings of your citizens towards the Northern people. If the amount is not sufficient, please inform me, and I will send it to you immediately. Hoping the above explanation satisfactory,

I am, very respectfully,

"SIGMA."

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

John Cool, a resident of Warrensville, twelve miles east of Cleveland, made an attack upon two step sons, Edward and Henry Quayle, aged twenty and eighteen years, with a butcher knife, Saturday evening, and inflicted wounds upon both to such an extent that Henry died in four hours, and Edward cannot live long. They were heirs to the farm where Cool lived, and chose to select a neighbor as their guardian in preference to their step father, which so excited him that he determined to kill them, their guardian, mother, a few others and then himself. He was arrested before the job was completed, and is now in the county jail.

John Shaal, of Rutledge township, Ill., had his crops destroyed by the storm of the 2d ult., and, being unsettled in his reason by the great loss, on the 5th he determined to end his life: He cut his throat with a razor, completely severing the trachea and esophagus, but leaving the arteries intact. "The De Witt Register" of the 19th says: "The victim has survived nine days on nourishment administered through the gaping wound by means of a tube."

A Paper hanger of Roubaix, France, fell a victim to his imprudence some short time back, by going to his breakfast without first washing his hands after handling some green papering. The insect proved that death was caused by the introduction into the system of salts of copper, now so much used in the manufacture of green coloring for paper.

Tandem teams are the latest agony of New York bloods.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Congress.
In the Senate, yesterday, several memorials against the ratification of the Osage treaty, both from whites and Indians, were presented and referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs. A resolution requesting the President to direct the Heads of Departments to promulgate the recent Eight-hour law passed by Congress, with such regulations as are necessary to carry it into effect, was adopted. The bill to regulate the electoral vote of the States lately in "rebellion," was again discussed. Mr. Edmunds stated the object of the bill to provide that in the counting of the electoral vote the loyal State Governments recognized by Congress should only be counted, and not the Governments recognized by the President. Mr. Trumbull opposed the bill, and said that he would favor a proposition to exclude only the vote of such States as were not represented in Congress. Without concluding debate on the bill, the Civil Appropriation bill was taken up and considered, and several amendments thereto adopted.

In the House of Representatives, Mr. Hamilton, of Florida, was sworn in as a member. The bill to regulate proceedings in certain cases for the protection of officers of the Government, and to prevent the payment of unlawful claims, was further considered and passed. The Ways and Means Committee reported the New Tariff bill, and it was ordered to be printed. The duties on wines and brandies are advanced about one-tenth above the present rate. Other rates are Cotton, webbing, tapes, galloons, bindings, gimpings and braids, one-quarter of a cent per yard, when less than an inch wide, and one-half of a cent when more; felt druggets and carpets, printed or colored carpets, twenty-five cts. per square yard and thirty-five per cent. ad valorem; linens and jutes forty per cent. ad valorem. Provision is made that agricultural machinery shall come in free for another year. Mr. Blaine, of Maine, asked leave to offer a resolution directing the Ways and Means Committee to inquire into the expediency of reporting, without unnecessary delay, a funding bill to provide for the consolidation of the bonded debt of the United States into 5 per cent. 4 1/2 per cent. and 4 per cent. bonds, &c. Permission was refused. Debate was continued on the Alaska Appropriation bill until the House adjourned.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

It is said that Mr. Erasmus Taylor's crop of wheat in Orange county will make 4,000 bushels, and that it is not an unfair sample of what Orange farmers have done this year. Dr. Edmund Taliaferro's is put at from 20 to 25 bushels an acre.

The Baptist Church of Falmouth has called Rev. T. W. Newman, formerly of Prince William county, to its care, and he has accepted the call, and entered upon the discharge of his pastoral duties.

Wardwell, the keeper of the Penitentiary at Richmond, has been presented by the convicts with a bible! The presentation was made after the established form.

Hannicut has become reconciled to "the party," and either follows their example or sets them one, by "coming down handsomely."

Mr. Thomas Yurby died at his residence, a few miles from Fredericksburg, on Wednesday last.

MATTERS BEFORE CONGRESS.—The bill of Mr. Edmunds in reference to the votes of the Southern States in the electoral college was called up by its author in the Senate yesterday and speedily became a law over the veto before the adjournment. The true object of the bill is to place in the power of the majority of Congress to receive or exclude the votes of the Southern States for President, just as it suits their partisan purposes.

A caucus of the Radical Senators was held yesterday morning to consider Senator Sherman's proposition, made in the Senate on Tuesday to put his funding bill as a "rider" in the civil appropriation bill. After a long debate the members decided decided that such action was not advisable.

Mr. Stevens having somewhat modified his proposition to divide Texas, the reconstruction committee has agreed to report in favor of dividing it into three States.

The committee of investigation on the alleged corruption of Senators did not report yesterday, as had been anticipated. A meeting will be held this morning for final consideration and action on the report.

The House Committee of Ways and Means, is understood, have agreed to report a bill imposing a tax of 10 per cent. on the interest of Government bonds.

The Senate Finance Committee have nearly completed the tax bill, and it is possible that it may be ready in time to be reported to-day.

ROMAN CATHOLIC GENERAL COUNCIL.

The Pope in explaining the reasons which guided his judgment to the conviction of the necessity of a General Council, sketches out the programme of the work of its members with a free hand. He states that the subjects to be submitted to the congregated body include:—The necessity of renewed episcopal exertion to secure in all quarters of the globe a firm belief in the integrity of the Catholic faith; a more abiding and heartfelt respect for religion; a more ready obedience to Catholic Church discipline, and a more general observance of its rules, regulations and laws; consultation as to the best means of improving the morals of the members of the fold; how to extend and establish peace and concord among individuals and nations, and how to more effectually remove the many ills which afflict civil society, as well as many of the religious orders. The bull, in conclusion, adverts to the absolute necessity which exists to uphold the temporal power of the Pope in the Eternal City and domain of the Church, to sustain and defend the sanctity of the sacrament of marriage in every land, and to be careful of the education of the young.

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MD.—We record with feelings of regret the death by drowning, on Saturday last, while bathing in the Patuxent near Hill's Landing, of Master George Hammett, aged 16 years, eldest son of Capt. Hammett.

The prospects for making the road from Marlboro' to Washington, are encouraging.—The meeting held at Forestville, on Saturday last, was largely attended.

The store of C. C. Hyatt & Co., at Hyattsville, was broken into on Thursday night last, and robbed of three hundred dollars worth of goods.—*Marlboro' Gazette*

Harewood, President of the Hide and Leather National Bank, of Boston, publishes a statement regarding the defalcation, in which the loss is placed at five hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars, as previously reported. He says that the bank lost nothing by loans, and has earned all dividends declared, and that the late cashier, who was formerly the bookkeeper, eluded the vigilance of the officers of the bank by making false entries and forged balances.

WASHINGTON FINANCES.—The Washington Republican says:

"It is the intention of the Mayor, if possible, to secure before the adjournment of Congress the necessary legislation to enable the Corporation to issue the half million of bonds for the redemption of the floating debt. The disposition on the part of Congress is very favorable."

[FOR THE ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.]

TO

You ask me why I cherish still,
The moments that have flown,
And cling so fond and lovingly
To scenes forever gone;
That while amid a joyous throng,
My present lot is cast—
My mind is ever dwelling on
The memories of the past!

Well, in those days forever fled,
I happy home I knew;
Where love dispensed its richest gifts,
From hearts both tried and true;
And where affection's tender ties
From sorrow would beguile;
And harrowing cares would vanish 'neath
A mother's gentle smile.

'Tis true that home no longer holds
The objects of my love;
Nor would I win them back again
From their bright homes afar;
Yet while my heart responsive beats,
And reason holds its sway,
The memories of the lost and loved
Shall cheer my lonely way.

Lost! did I say? Oh, no, to me
They're only gone before,
While thoughts of fond reunion, when
Life's trying scenes are o'er,
Oft animate my struggling soul,
Its every grief to bear;
Remembering in the darkest hour—
'No sorrow enters there.'

And then a fair and gentle one,
Who as a sister stood
Amid that group, endeared to each,
Though not of kindred blood—
Smiles on me from the long ago;
Though fair Potomac's waves,
Full many a year has sported near
Her consecrated grave.

Yet while I love the dear old past,
With all its sighs and tears;
Though many a joyous retrospect
Attends those vanished years;
The friends that gather round me now,
I prize alike with those,
Who, 'neath the shelter of the tomb,
Have found their last repose.

Then ask me not, why thus I cling
To those departed hours,
And yield myself so willingly
To fancy's feeble powers;
For in those reveries I deem
Though griefs the heart o'ercast—
Life's present ills are lightened, while
Communing with the past. HAROLD.

ALEXANDRIA, July 2, 1863.

COMMERCIAL.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, July 2.—The market is very quiet, with limited offerings and but a moderate demand. Flour very dull, with a decline in the prices of low grades and Family; Extra steady, with barely sufficient on the market to supply the demand. Wheat quiet, with light offerings; the first sample of new was offered this morning, and sold at 250 for red-corn quiet, with small receipts and sales at 100, 107 and 108. Oats quiet and dull—prices drooping. Rye inactive and quotations nominal; some enquiry for fish; no No. 1 Potomac on the market, and the supply of Family Roe is limited; Eastern Herring in fair supply at 57a 61. Butter in demand for good and prices are firm; sales at 25 cts. Lard quiet. Provisions dull.

MARINE LIST.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA—JULY 2.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Express, Nickle, Baltimore, to J. Broders & Co.
Steamer T. E. Cahill, Math, Baltimore, to B. Wheat.
Schr. Emma Bacon, Case, Washington, to Central Coal Co.

SAILED.

Steamer New York, Jones, Philadelphia, by M. Eldridge & Co.
Schr. Rebecca Florence, Rich, Boston, by American Coal Co.
Schr. Carrie Homes, Homes, Jersey City, by American Coal Co.
Schr. John J. Ward, Edwards, Jersey City, by American Coal Co.
Schr. A. C. Lyon, Lyon, Providence, R. I., by Central Coal Co.
Schr. J. M. Richards, Irwin, Providence, R. I., by Central Coal Co.

CANAL CONFERENCE.

THURSDAY, July 2.

Arrived—Boats Euphonia, Mollie Reid, V. Cushman, T. Hassett, Mary Willard, Ohio to Central Coal Co. Boats A. Chamberlain, J. W. Bacon, M. Leiman, A. Perkins, J. A. Alexander, E. Beyer, H. Deland, Eagle, Henry Kenzie, to American Coal Co. Boats Pearl, Old Abe, Peacock to Boyce & Co.—Boat W. Devocman to Hamm & Bait, Coal Co. Departures—Boats R. Emmett, Euphonia, C. P. Dayton, H. L. Gilbert, W. A. Brydon, T. H. Faile, Mollie Reid, Pearl, J. Noble, Alex. Ray, B. Williams, V. Cushman, T. Hassett, A. Chamberlain, Old Abe, M. Leiman, J. A. Alexander, A. Perkins, Mary Willard, Ohio to Chamberlain.

IN LOOKING OVER THE REPORT OF the proceedings of our City Council on Tuesday evening last, I find that Mr. Lewis McKenzie, late would-be member of our State Constitutional Convention, did make an undignified and un-called for assault on me. I know that it is the nature of some men who have no political principles to always abuse those that help to defeat them. I can assure the gentleman that my set will guard and protect my interests and their own, with the same enthusiasm and vigor which they manifested in November last, by defeating his set and him.

je 2-12 JOHN BIRRELL.

LOST, from the subscriber, on the night of the 1st of July, a WHITE COW, with dark spots and the letter C on the right flank. Whoever will return the same to Mr. E. PEIPENBRING, 151, King street, will be liberally rewarded. je 2-31

COPAL VARNISHES, Coach Body Varnish, Furniture do., Carriage Black Leather Varnish, Black Asphaltum Varnish, English Coach Varnish, Paraffine Varnish for iron work, &c., received and for sale by COOK & KELLEY, 107, King street. je 2

NOTICE.
ALL DOGS found at large on and after the 6th day of July, WILL BE KILLED. je 2-14 WM. M. BERKLEY, Mayor.

JACKSON WHITE POTATOES.
100 bbls Jackson White Potatoes for seed, in store and for sale by W. A. SMOOT & CO. je 2

FRESH VANILLA BEANS and very superior Solid Oil, just received and for sale by COOK & KELLEY, 107, King street. je 2

FRESH BEDFORD WATER received and for sale by the bbl or less quantity, by COOK & KELLEY, 107, King street. je 2

JAVA, LAGUYRA, SABANILLA and BIO Coffees, just received; for sale, low, by J. C. MILBURN. je 2

NOS 1 and 2 MACKEREL, constantly on hand. BROOKES & TAYLOR. je 2

ITALIAN MACCARONI, received to-day and for sale by J. C. MILBURN. je 2

LIME—500 bbls No. 1 Stone Lime for sale by A. T. SKINNER & CO., Nos. 10 and 12, South Union st. je 2

MACKEREL—No. 1 Mackerel received and for sale by J. C. MILBURN. je 2

YEAST POWDERS—2 gross Rumford's Yeast Powder. BROOKES & TAYLOR. je 2

AGRICULTURAL.

FOR THE HARVEST OF 1863.

HERBERT BRYANT,

No. 25, King street, bet. Water and Union, ALEXANDRIA, VA.

Offers to the farmers this season the celebrated BUCKEYE REAPER AND MOWER, AND



RUSSELL REAPER AND MOWER,

both with the dropping attachment, which he will sell on the most favorable factory terms and at factory prices, freight alone added. Early orders solicited. my 12

HARMAN'S

STEEL TOOTH WHEEL



HORSE RAKE.

I am sole agent for this Rake for the counties of Alexandria, Fairfax, Prince William, Loudoun, Fauquier, Culpeper and Warren, and would particularly call the farmers' attention to its merits. It is decidedly the best Wheel Horse Rake in use, and is warranted to give entire satisfaction, both as a Gleaner and Hay Rake, or no sale. Will also have a large supply of Revolving Hay Rakes, Hand Hay Rakes, Scythes, Snaths, Grain Cradles, Soythes, Stomies, Rides, Hay Forks, Hay Knives, Horse Hay Forks, &c., &c., to which I would invite the attention of country merchants.

HERBERT BRYANT, No. 25, King st., bet. Water & Union, Alexandria, Va. my 12

ANDREW COFF'S

SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME, A superior Fertilizer for CORN AND POTATOES.

Each bags contains 100 lbs. Prices \$60 per ton. For sale by

HERBERT BRYANT, Manufacturer's Agent for above Phosphate, Dealer in

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS and MACHINERY, SEEDS, &c., No. 25, King street, Alexandria, Va. my 8-4

"COSTAR'S" PREPARATIONS.

EVERYBODY—Tries them!
EVERYBODY—Uses them!
EVERYBODY—Believes in them!
EVERYBODY—Recommends them!

"COSTAR'S" EXTERMINATORS, For Rats, Roaches, Ants, &c.
"COSTAR'S" BED-BUG EXTERMINATOR, A Liquid—Kills—"Something!"
"COSTAR'S" INSECT POWDER, For Fleas, Moths, Insects, &c.
"COSTAR'S" CORN SOLVENT, For Corns, Bunions, &c.
"COSTAR'S" BUCKTHORN SALVE, For Cuts, Burns, Bruises, &c.
"COSTAR'S" BISHOP PILL, (Sugar-coated) Dinner Pill.
"COSTAR'S" COUGH REMEDY, For Coughs, Colds, &c.
"COSTAR'S" BITTER-SWEET, ORANGE BLOSSOMS, Beautifies the Complexion, Makes the Skin fresh and fair.

!!! Beware!!! of all worthless imitations. None Genuine without "COSTAR'S" Signature.

25c and 50c sizes kept by all Druggists.
\$1 sizes sent by mail on receipt of price.
\$2 pays for any three \$1 sizes by express.
\$5 pays for eight \$1 sizes by Express.

Address HENRY R. COSTAR, 612, Broadway, N. Y.

E. S. LEADBEATER, HENRY COOK, JAMES ENTWISLE, JANNEY & CO., Alexandria, Va. And at Wholesale in all the cities and large towns in the U. S. je 30-1y

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
ZEPH ENGLISH is a partner in our house from this date. The business in future will be conducted under the firm name of ENGLISH, PAUL & CO., Wholesale Grocers. je 1-4 GREGORY & PAUL.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
The undersigned have this date entered into copartnership, under the firm name of GREGORY & ENGLISH, as General Commission Merchants. S. E. GREGORY, ZEPH ENGLISH. Warehouse No. 29, cor. Water and King sts., July 1, 1863—4t Alexandria, Va. je 30-1y

CLAMS AND OYSTERS.
A branch of the house of TURNER & CO., foot of 11th street, Washington, has been opened at the foot of King street, in this city, at which OYSTERS and CLAMS, fresh from the waters of the Chesapeake, can always be obtained at the cheapest market rates. je 18-1m

MOUNT VERNON SHEETINGS AND BATS, AND HOLSTON WOOLENS AT FACTORY PRICES.
At No. 35, King st., 3 doors west of Water st. my 27-4t A. E. ADDISON, Agent.

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